

Volume 10. Issue 36

# Brit Millah on Erev Pesach

This week we continued learning about the debates between *Beit Shammai* and *Beit Hillel* where *Beit Hillel* ruled stringently. One of these debates was regarding a *ger* that converted on *erev Pesach* and whether or not he could partake in eating the *korban pesach* that night. *Beit Shammai* maintains that he can immerse in the *mikveh* and eat the *korban pesach*. *Beit Hillel* however maintains that he cannot, arguing that "one that separates from the *orlah* is like one separate separating from a corpse." We will attempt to understand this debate.

The Gemara explains that the debate is focused only on a nochri. The concern of Beit Hillel is as follows. If we allow this ger to immerse in the mikveh and eat that night, the next year on erev Pesach he might be tameh met and wrongly assume that immersion in the mikveh would be enough to enable him to partake in the korban pesach. The purification from tumat met involves the *mei chatat* and is a process that takes a week. The ger however will think that in the previous year, prior to his conversion he was not particular with staying a way from tumah and a simple immersion was enough on erev Pesach. The mistake was that prior to the conversion he was not susceptible to tumat met. Beit Hillel was concerned for this situation and therefore prevent a ger that converted on erev Pesach from taking part in the korban Pesach that night.

The *Tosfot Yom* (*Pesachim* 8:8) raises a number of issues with this *Mishnah*. First, he cites the *Rambam* (*Korban Pesach* 6:7) who asks that the position of *Beit Hillel* is a rabbinic one – it is a *gezeirah*. The obligation to eat a *korban pesach* is biblical and punishable with *karet*. How then can they make a

gezeira to override this serious obligation? The Rambam explains that a ger is not obligated in mitzvot until the immersion in the mikveh. Furthermore he does not immerse until he has recovered from the circumcision. Consequently, there was room for Beit Hillel to institute the gezeira since he could delay the immersion until he recovered from the brit and thereby avoid issue of being liable to karet.

The Gemara continues that when it comes to an yisrael who is circumcised on erev Pesach everyone agrees that he immersed in a mikveh and partakes in eating the korban pesach that night. Beit Hillel would not expand the scope of the gezeira to yisraelim. The Bartenura on our Mishnah brings this comment of the Gemara. The Tosfot cite the Riva that raises a basic problem with the statement in the Gemara. We do not find anywhere that there is an obligation for an yisrael that has a brit millah to immerse in a mikveh! What then does the Gemara mean that an yisrael that has a brit millah on erev Pesach "immerses and eats his korban Pesach that evening"? Indeed that Rambam does not mention the immersion when he bring this law in the Mishnah Torah.

The *Tosfot Yom Tov* answers that it is true that a *brit millah* for an *yisrael* does not need to be followed by *tevillah*. Nevertheless he is required to immerse when going to *Yerushalaim* for the *regalim* (festivals). Consequently the *Gemara* means that since he will be immersing in the *mikveh* following his *brit millah* (albeit for another reason) one might think that *Beit Hillel* would expand the *gezeira* to cover this case as well. The *Gemara* therefore teaches that this is not the case.

Yisrael Yitzchak Bankier

## **Revision Questions**

עדיות די:ייב זי:גי

- Regarding which case do *Beit Shammai* and *Beit Hillel* argue whether a person's body can join two *ohalim*? (די:ייב)
- What are the six case that *R' Yehuda* listed that *Beit Shammai* is more lenient than *Beit Hillel?* (ה':א'י)
- What are the six cases that *R' Yosi* listed that *Beit Shammai* is more lenient than *Beit Hillel?* (הי:ביי)
- What are the three case that *R' Shimon* listed that *Beit Shammai* is more lenient than *Beit Hillel? (ה': גרי)*
- What are the two case that *R' Eliezer* listed that *Beit Shammai* is more lenient than *Beit Hillel? (ה':די)*
- What is the law concerning a case where two brothers marry two sisters and they both die without any children with respect to *Yibum* and *Chalitzah*? What is *R' Eliezer*'s opinion? (הי: הי)
- What were the four *dinim* that were debated between the *Chachamim* and *Akavya ben Mehalalel*? (הי: ירי)
- According to R' Yehuda on which Tana did they place a nidui and why? (הי: ו')
- What did *Akavya ben Mehalalel* request of his son before he died? (הי: יוֹי)
- What did his son request and what was the response? (הי: ז'י)
- Which animal did *R' Yehuda ben Bava* testify committed a capital offence and was punished with stoning? (א': 'ז')
- What were the other four laws that *R' Yehuda ben Bava* presented? ('N: 'Y)
- Explain the debate regarding whether a limb from a corpse can be a source of tum'ah. (יב':ב'י)
- According to *R' Eliezer* what is a greater source of *tum'ah*, a live person or a corpse? (Explain) (*ι*': ε*ι'*)
- What are the three opinions (R' Eliezer, R' Yehoshua and R' Nechunya) regarding kezayit basar min ha'chai and etzem ke'seorah min ha'chai and explain the rationale behind each of those opinions? ('2: '1)
- Explain the debate regarding a *peter chamor* that is lost. (יו:אי)
- What did *R' Tzadok* testify regarding:
  - o Tzir from chagavim te'emeim and how did it differ from the mishnah rishona? (ז':ב'י)
  - O A body of water where the *zochalin* is more than the *notfim* and why is this law important? ( $'\lambda$ : '?)

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# Next Week's Mishnayot...

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	שבת קודש
20 <sup>th</sup> October טייז חשון	21 <sup>th</sup> October ייז חשון	22 <sup>th</sup> October ייח חשון	23 <sup>th</sup> October ייט חשון	24 <sup>th</sup> October כי חשון	25 <sup>th</sup> October כייא חשון	26 <sup>th</sup> October כייב חשון
Eduyot 7:4-5	Eduyot 7:6-7	Eduyot 7:8-8:1	Eduyot 8:2-3	Eduyot 8:3-4	Eduyot 8:5-6	Eduyot 8:7 – Avodah Zara 1:1